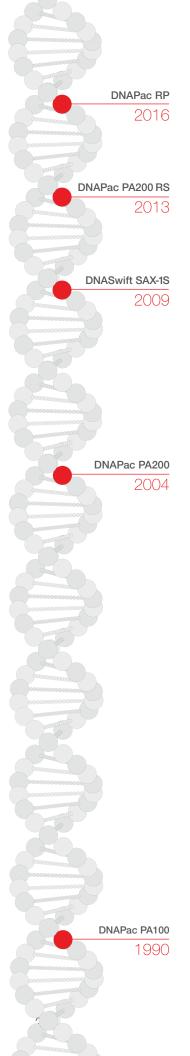


Thermo Scientific DNAPac Family of Columns

Superior Oligonucleotide Analysis



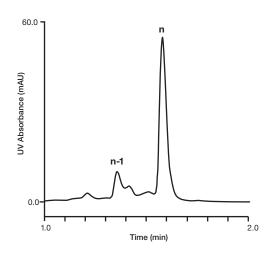


For over 30 years, the Thermo Scientific™ DNAPac™ family of columns has been the go-to for high resolution U/HPLC separation of oligonucleotides. When purity and characterization is critical to your work, you can rely on our anion-exchange and reversed-phase column chemistries. These columns have the performance and robustness to meet your oligonucleotide analysis needs so you can be confident in your data while meeting the throughput demands of your laboratory.

Our legacy began with the Thermo Scientific™ DNAPac™ PA100 series of columns. These high-resolution anion-exchange columns helped transition scientists from a laborious capillary gel electrophoresis approach to high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). As oligonucleotide separations became more demanding, our columns evolved to meet the challenge.

With the introduction of the Thermo Scientific™ DNAPac™ PA200 and Thermo Scientific™ DNAPac™ PA200RS columns, scientists now experience high resolution ion-exchange separations for their oligonucleotide purity analysis by LC-UV. Our Thermo Scientific™ DNAPac™ reversed-phase (RP) columns allow you to couple reversed-phase oligonucleotide separations directly to a mass spectrometer, for accurate mass determinations of oligonucleotide sequences. Our innovative chemistries are widely referenced in hundreds of peer reviewed journal articles.

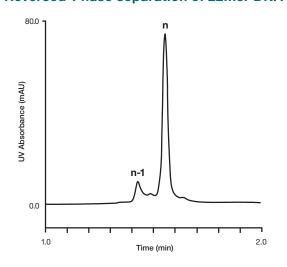
Ion Exchange separation of 22mer DNA (n), 21mer DNA (n-1; 3' truncated)



	DNAPac PA200 RS 4.6 x 50mm 20mM Tris, pH 8.0 20mM Tris, 1 M NaCI, pH 8.0			
Gradient:	Time (min) 0.0 2.0 2.1 3.0 3.1 7.0	%A 58 46 0 0 58 58	%B 42 54 100 100 42 42	
Flow rate: Inj. volume: Temperature: Detection: Sample:	1.3 mL/min 4 µL 30 °C UV (260 nm) 22mer DNA (n), 21mer DNA (n-1; 3' truncated)			
A = Adenine MeC = 5-methyl-C * = phosphothioate				

All ribose are 2'-O-methylated

Reversed-Phase separation of 22mer DNA (n), 21mer DNA (n-1; 3' truncated)



Column: Format: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B:	DNAPac RP 2.1 x 50mm 0.1M TEAA 0.1M TEAA in Water/ Acetonitrile (75:25 v/v)		
Gradient:	Time (min) 0.0 2.0 2.1 3.0 3.1 7.0	%A 90 64 0 90 90	%B 18 36 100 100 18 18
Flow rate: Inj. volume: Temperature: Detection: Sample:	0.6 mL/min 2 µL 80 °C UV (260 nm) 22mer DNA (n-1; 3' trunc	(n), 21m	ner DNA

We invest in your Chromatography

Technology that delivers benefit

DNAPac PA200 and PA200RS

Non-porous resin with latex nano beads on the surface

Minimizes diffusion, offers high resolution separations

Polymeric Base media

Long column lifetimes and compatible up to pH12 allowing you to utilize pH control to optimize selectivity

Quaternary amine functionalized nano beads

Single base resolution of up to 100mer oligonucleotides

Higher loading capacity vs conventional non-porous

 Polymeric Base media
 Compatible with high temperature (85 °C) up to pH8

Available in both Standard HPLC and Rapid Separation (RS) UHPLC formats.

High sample throughput

DNAPac RP

Polymeric (PS-DVB) resin ...

Higher temperature (100 °C) tolerance, even at elevated pH (1-14) stability

Long column lifetimes due to the ability to run at higher pH and temperatures than conventional silica column

Wide pore size

Supermarcoporous structure up to 2,000 Å for excellent separation of short [siRNA] and long oligonucleotides [mRNA] samples Very low carryover and long lifetime Optimized surface chemistry
 Long lifetime for siRNA, ASOs, and other short oligo sequences

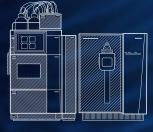
Compatible with LC-MS

Reliable data

Oligonucleotide Analysis

Solutions for oligonucleotide therapeutic analysis









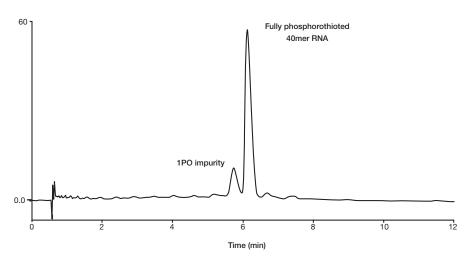
Software & Data Analysis

Thermo Scientific DNAPac RP

The DNAPac RP (reversed-phase) column is designed for analysis of oligonucleotides by LC-UV or LC-MS. The polymeric backbone provides excellent lifetime under a wide range of pH and temperature. The supermacroporous structure has small pores in addition to very large pores to allow high resolution separations of short and large oligonucleotides on the same column.

Even the most challenging samples can be separated by the DNAPac RP. The data below shows antiviral nucleic acid polymer (NAP) targeting Hepatitis B (REP 2139) separated from its phosphodiester (PO) and truncation impurities. The antiviral NAP is a fully phosphothioated and 2'- O-methylated 40mer RNA comprised of alternating adenosine and 5-methylcytidine nucelotides.

To learn more about this analysis please see poster PO21721-EN 0517S.



1PO Separation from fully phosphorothioated 40mer RNA

Column: DNAPac RP. 4 um 3.0 x 100mm Mobile phase A: Water Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile Mobile phase C: 0.2 M TEAA, pH 7.0 Mobile phase D: 50mM EDTA

Gradient: %A %B %C %D 27 27 12.1 15 14.0

Flow rate: 0.80 mL/min Inj. volume: 100 °C UV (260 nm) Detection:

5'-[A*MeC*]₂₀-3' (0.4 mg/mL) Sample:

A = Adenine

MeC = 5-methyl-Cytosine * = phosphothioate linkage All ribose are 2'-O-methylated



Identification and Quantification of Oligonucleotides using LC/MS

The use of liquid chromatography mass spectrometry (LC-MS) for oligonucleotide analysis is a growing tool for those in research and quality control environments. Within a single analysis users can confidently identify and measure oligonucleotides, determining structural changes and quantitating minor components in their oligonucleotide sample.

The data below, demonstrates increased productivity and confidence levels in the analysis of synthetic oligonucleotides by high resolution mass spectrometry and separated using the DNAPac RP column.

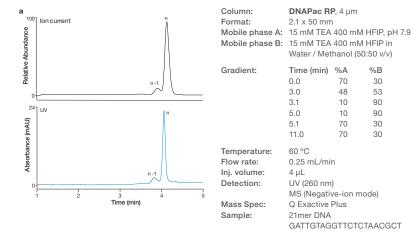
More application references by high resolution accurate mass or single quadrupole mass spectrometry can be found at www.thermofisher.com/oligonucleotides

30

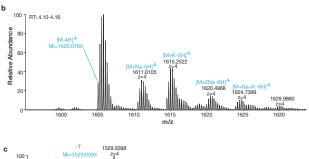
53

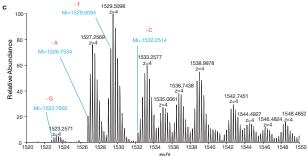
90

30



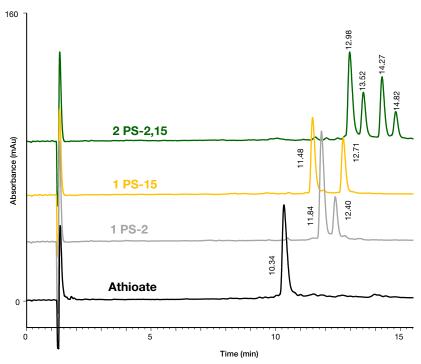
LC/MS analysis of failure sequences. a) UV and ion current traces. b) Mass spectrum of 21mer at -4 charge state. c) Mass spectrum of n-1 failure sequence at -4 charge state.





DNAPac PA200/ DNAPac PA200 RS Columns

The Thermo Scientific DNAPac PA200 and DNAPac PA200RS are ideal for oligonucleotide separations by HPLC, offering unsurpassed resolution for full-length oligonucleotides and n-1, n+1 separations based on the size and charge of the sample. Applications that may pose a challenge by reversed-phase chromatography, such as diastereoisomers of phosphorothioated RNA, resolve with ease on these strong anion exchange columns. Our proprietary non-porous particles deliver high-resolution separations with minimal sample diffusion. Users can optimize their selectivity through the control of salt concentration and mobile phase pH. The polymeric media is compatible with mobile phases up to pH 12, providing maximum flexibility in method design.



 Column:
 DNAPac PA200, 8 µm

 Format:
 4.6 x 250mm

 Mobile phase A:
 40 mM Tris, pH 7.0

 Mobile phase B:
 40 mM Tris, 1.0 M NaCl

Gradient: Time (min) %Δ %B -10.060.0 40.0 0.0 60.0 40.0 14.6 48.7 51.3 22.0 20.0 80.0

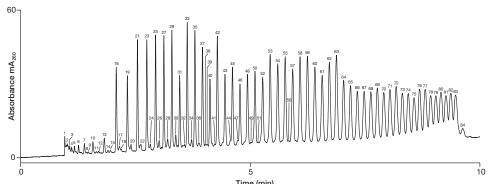
Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min
Temperature: 41 °C
Detection: UV (260 nm)
Sample: 37mer RNA

(phosphorothioate at 2, 15)

Peak label: RT

Separation of Diastereoisomers of Phosphorothioated RNA

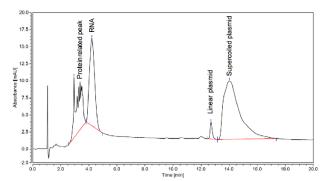
Whether your main application is the routine screening of synthetic oligonucleotides for production yield and failure sequences, or resolving a high molecular weight mRNA sample, our DNAPac PA200 and DNAPac PA200RS anion-exchange columns offer you the resolving power for your most challenging sample. The $8\mu m$ DNAPac PA200 is optimal for conventional HPLC users. Those looking for UHPLC separations, or running more complicated samples will prefer the $4\mu m$, PEEK-lined SST, DNAPac PA200RS for the highest resolution separation.

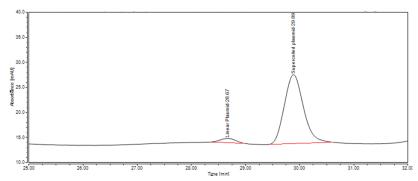


Column: Format: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B:			
Gradient:	Time (min) -10.0 0.0 8.4 8.5	%A 59 59 35 20	%B 41 41 65 80
Gradient Curve: Flow rate: Inj. volume: Temperature: Detection: Sample:	3 1.0 mL/min 15 μL 30 °C UV (260 nm) poly dT12-6		A/mL)

Plasmid Separations

Biopharmaceutical advances in gene therapy and RNA/DNA vaccinations has driven the need to analyse and purify larger biomolecules, such as plasmid DNA (pDNA). As sample complexity increases so does the need for analytical flexibility, as demonstrated below, our anion-exchange and ion-pair reversed-phase chromatography columns each deliver high resolution and sample throughput for these samples. Whether your lab preference is anion exchange or ion-pair reversed phase chromatography, you will find the separation of linear and supercoiled plasmids from proteins, RNA, and other sample components.





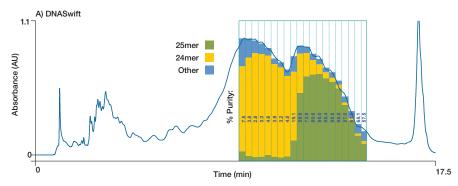
Separation on a DNAPac PA200 anion exchange column showing the resolution of linear from supercoiled plasmid, in a sample rich with RNA and protein related material.

The supermacroporous DNAPac RP (2.1x100mm) supermacroporous column offers high resolution separation of linear and supercoiled plasmid forms.

Thermo Scientific DNASwift SAX-1

Thermo Scientific™ DNASwift™ SAX-1 columns deliver high yield analytical scale purifications. The high surface area, monolithic support of this column provides a robust option for scientists looking for anion-exchange purifications with a high load capacity. The DNASwift is recommended for mg-scale separations of crude mixtures when purification is of greater priority than resolution.

The figure below shows the chromatography of a mixed DNA sample. Fractions were collected during the gradient, highlighted by the shaded areas, and evaluated using a DNAPac PA200 for purity and yield. The purity of each fraction is plotted onto the chromatogram in blue, yellow and green.



Separation of Diastereoisomers of Phosphorothioated RNA

Column: Format: Mobile phase A: Mobile phase B: Mobile phase C: Mobile phase D:	0.2 M NaOH				
Gradient:	Time (min) 0.00 0.01 1.00 15.01 15.51 16.50 17.00	%A 73.6 73.6 32.0 16.0 0.0 0.0 73.6	12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1	7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9	6.4 6.4 48.0 64.0 80.0
Flow rate: Inj. volume: Temperature: Detection: Sample:	1.77 mL/min 1 mL 30 °C UV (295 nm) Mixture of full length DNA (45%) and n-1 DNA (55%) Full length: CTGATTGTAGGTTCTCTAACGCTGG n-1: CTGATTGTAGGTTCTCTAACGCTG				

[‡] AMP: 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol



Ordering Information

DNAPac PA200 column

Particle Size (µm)	Format	Length (mm)	2.0 mm ID	4.0 mm ID	9.0 mm ID	22.0 mm ID
8	Standard Analytical Column	250	11381843	11341813	11361843	15510244
5	Guard Column	50	11371843	11331813	11351843	15500244

DNAPac PA200 RS, high resolution analytical column

Particle Size (µm)	Format	Length (mm)	4.6 mm ID
4	UHPLC	50	PN TBD
		150	PN TBD
		250	PN TBD

DNAPac RP column

Particle Size (µm)	Format	Length (mm)	2.1 mm ID	3.0 mm ID
4	Analytical Column	100	15531693	15501693
		50	15541693	15511693
	Guard Cartidges (2/pk)	10	15541693	15521693
Guard Cartridge Holder			11311733	11311733

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